

## ABILENE REFLECTOR

PUBLISHED BY  
REFLECTOR PUBLISHING COMPANY.

### CURRENT COMMENT.

THE latest hobby of the Baroness Burdett-Coutts is giving prizes for flower culture to the poor children of London ragged schools.

MISS MARY A. GREENE, of Boston, who recently received from Boston University the degree of bachelor of laws, has been admitted to the bar, and will open a law office in Boston.

MRS. FRANK LESLIE is enthusiastic in her admiration of M. Ferdinand de Lesseps, who called on her in Paris the other day. She predicts that he will live to see the Panama canal finished.

CHIEF JUSTICE FULLER has left his law practice in Chicago, valued at \$25,000 a year, to S. S. Gregory and two young men who have been in his office—William M. Booth and S. N. Harlan. Mr. Harlan is a son of Chief Justice Harlan, of Kentucky.

The steamer City of New York arrived at Queenstown on the 28th, making the passage from Sandy Hook in seven days and twenty-three hours. She met several gales, during which two passengers were thrown to the floor and had several ribs broken. During the gales another passenger became insane and it was found necessary to put him in a straight jacket.

The Pennsylvania Board of Pardons has granted a pardon to Milton Weston, the Chicago millionaire who is serving five years sentence in the Western penitentiary for contributory murder in causing the death of a man named Haymaker during a fight between employees of the two men over the possession of a piece of land in Western Pennsylvania about four years ago.

The Trans-Andean Telegraph Company will shortly open to the public its new direct line between Valparaiso, Chili, and Buenos Ayres in the Argentine Republic. This is an iron pole line in connection with forty miles of cable laid under the perpetual snows of the Andes, and will secure communication between Valparaiso, Buenos Ayres and London via Galveston inside of an hour and a half.

JUDGE GIVEN, of the District Court at Des Moines, Iowa, has decided that the right to bring liquors into the State does not carry the right to sell indiscriminately and that the original package must be defined as the package of the distiller with the Government stamp attached and can not be construed to mean packages put up by dealers with the express intention of evading the law of the State.

The sergeant who was on guard at the fortress of Ham at the moment when the late Emperor Napoleon III. effected his escape has just died at Fraize in his sixty-eighth year. He and the soldiers about him were offered wine by the then Prince Louis Napoleon, into which a narcotic had been infused. The prisoner kept them in conversation until by one they fell asleep, and the coast being clear, he slipped away.

The conference on the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill have reached an agreement on the only remaining point of difference, that in relation to the new library building, having adopted substantially the same plan. They have fixed a limit of \$4,000,000 for the cost of the entire building and appropriate \$500,000 for this year. The work is to be conducted under the supervision of Colonel Thomas L. Casey, of the engineer corps.

The meeting of the English shareholders of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad Company held in London unanimously recommended that the shareholders deposit and register their shares with the English and American bondholders with a view to enabling the association to influence the election of directors of the company. It was thought this action would lead to the Morgan syndicate obtaining control of the road.

THERE has been reorganized in Indiana, irrespective of any political organization whatever, and embracing gentlemen of both political parties, the Indiana Fair Election League. The purpose is to prevent election frauds and to see that the election laws are enforced. The organization is governed by a central committee and subordinate to it are the county and precinct committees. It is proposed to watch every poll in the State from the time it is opened until the last vote is counted.

The Acting Secretary of War has issued a general order by which officers of the army who are absent on leave from stations in sections of the country infected by the prevailing yellow fever epidemic or from stations that can not be reached without transit through infected localities, or who are under orders to join such stations are authorized to delay starting to join their commands under their orders or after the expiration of their leaves of absence until the epidemic shall have subsided.

The cases of the two imprisoned Anarchists, Samuel Fielden and Michael Schwab, have not yet been entirely given up by their attorneys, Solomon and Black, who have been carefully studying the records of the Illinois Supreme Court and claim to have discovered vital errors in them which they are hopeful will prove beneficial to their clients, now at Joliet. Recently Attorney Solomon was in Ottawa, where the Supreme Court was in session, armed with the joint affidavit of himself and Captain Black, stating that in the decree of the court it is set forth that the defendants in person were present in court during the argument and the rendering of the opinion, when they were not. This, it was claimed, would vitiate the record.

## NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gleaned by Telegraph and Mail.

### CONGRESSIONAL.

In the Senate on the 24th Mr. Berry, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported a bill allowing persons who had abandoned a homestead entry during the requisite six months to make another entry. Passed. Among the bills introduced was one by Senator Plumb offering a reward of \$100,000 to any person who shall discover the cause, remedy and treatment of yellow fever. Senator Plumb addressed the Senate in favor of the bill restoring to the United States lands granted to the Northern Pacific railroad. The deficiency bill was then considered until adjournment. After transacting business of minor importance in the House the conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was taken up and agreed to, except the library section, and a further conference was called for the next day to consider the immediate consideration of the bill extending the laws of the United States over the public land strip but the friends of the Oklahoma bill insisted on an adjournment of the discussion the House adjourned.

The Senate on the 25th considered in secret session a resolution offered by Senator Stewart calling on the President for information received since the 7th as to the action of the Chinese Government on the recent treaty. In legislative session Senator Sherman's resolution for an inquiry into the relations between the United States and Canada and Great Britain was taken up and Senators Morgan and Dolph proceeded to discuss it. The Senate passed a resolution of private bills among them a private pension bill, one of the latter being a bill granting a pension of \$5,000 to the widow of General Sheridan. In the House the resolution was adopted providing for an international commission to determine all questions concerning the boundary line between the United States and Mexico. The bill to regulate the United States Naval Academy was taken up, amended and passed. Adjourned.

In the Senate on the 26th the bill reported by Senator Hoar on February 6 last to provide for the National authority was taken up and Senator George spoke in opposition to the bill, and it went over without action. Senator Daniel addressed the Senate on the resolution offered by Senator Chandler to inquire into the Louisiana election case and after appointing a committee of conference on the deficiency bill the Senate adjourned. In the House immediately after the adjournment of the Senate Mr. Forney (Aia) presented the conference report on the Sundry Civil bill. Laid over for a day. The bill reported from the Committee on Public Lands for certain lands granted to the Northern Pacific road passed. The Senate amendments to the General Deficiency bill were non-concurred in. The Senate joint resolution of March 10, 1894, providing for the spread of yellow fever and cholera was reported and passed. Adjourned.

The Senate on the 27th non-concurred in the House amendments to the bill appropriating \$100,000 to aid yellow fever sufferers, and asked for a conference. Senator Call offered a resolution looking to such legislation as will prevent the introduction and spread of infectious diseases, and read a letter from Mayor Hewitt in relation to the subject. The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was agreed to and the House adjourned. The Senate adjourned on the 28th. The House adjourned on the 29th. The Senate adjourned on the 30th. The House adjourned on the 31st.

The Senate on the 27th non-concurred in the House amendments to the bill appropriating \$100,000 to aid yellow fever sufferers, and asked for a conference. Senator Call offered a resolution looking to such legislation as will prevent the introduction and spread of infectious diseases, and read a letter from Mayor Hewitt in relation to the subject. The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was agreed to and the House adjourned. The Senate adjourned on the 28th. The House adjourned on the 29th. The Senate adjourned on the 30th. The House adjourned on the 31st.

The Senate on the 27th non-concurred in the House amendments to the bill appropriating \$100,000 to aid yellow fever sufferers, and asked for a conference. Senator Call offered a resolution looking to such legislation as will prevent the introduction and spread of infectious diseases, and read a letter from Mayor Hewitt in relation to the subject. The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was agreed to and the House adjourned. The Senate adjourned on the 28th. The House adjourned on the 29th. The Senate adjourned on the 30th. The House adjourned on the 31st.

The Senate on the 27th non-concurred in the House amendments to the bill appropriating \$100,000 to aid yellow fever sufferers, and asked for a conference. Senator Call offered a resolution looking to such legislation as will prevent the introduction and spread of infectious diseases, and read a letter from Mayor Hewitt in relation to the subject. The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was agreed to and the House adjourned. The Senate adjourned on the 28th. The House adjourned on the 29th. The Senate adjourned on the 30th. The House adjourned on the 31st.

The Senate on the 27th non-concurred in the House amendments to the bill appropriating \$100,000 to aid yellow fever sufferers, and asked for a conference. Senator Call offered a resolution looking to such legislation as will prevent the introduction and spread of infectious diseases, and read a letter from Mayor Hewitt in relation to the subject. The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was agreed to and the House adjourned. The Senate adjourned on the 28th. The House adjourned on the 29th. The Senate adjourned on the 30th. The House adjourned on the 31st.

The Senate on the 27th non-concurred in the House amendments to the bill appropriating \$100,000 to aid yellow fever sufferers, and asked for a conference. Senator Call offered a resolution looking to such legislation as will prevent the introduction and spread of infectious diseases, and read a letter from Mayor Hewitt in relation to the subject. The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was agreed to and the House adjourned. The Senate adjourned on the 28th. The House adjourned on the 29th. The Senate adjourned on the 30th. The House adjourned on the 31st.

The Senate on the 27th non-concurred in the House amendments to the bill appropriating \$100,000 to aid yellow fever sufferers, and asked for a conference. Senator Call offered a resolution looking to such legislation as will prevent the introduction and spread of infectious diseases, and read a letter from Mayor Hewitt in relation to the subject. The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was agreed to and the House adjourned. The Senate adjourned on the 28th. The House adjourned on the 29th. The Senate adjourned on the 30th. The House adjourned on the 31st.

The Senate on the 27th non-concurred in the House amendments to the bill appropriating \$100,000 to aid yellow fever sufferers, and asked for a conference. Senator Call offered a resolution looking to such legislation as will prevent the introduction and spread of infectious diseases, and read a letter from Mayor Hewitt in relation to the subject. The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was agreed to and the House adjourned. The Senate adjourned on the 28th. The House adjourned on the 29th. The Senate adjourned on the 30th. The House adjourned on the 31st.

The Senate on the 27th non-concurred in the House amendments to the bill appropriating \$100,000 to aid yellow fever sufferers, and asked for a conference. Senator Call offered a resolution looking to such legislation as will prevent the introduction and spread of infectious diseases, and read a letter from Mayor Hewitt in relation to the subject. The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was agreed to and the House adjourned. The Senate adjourned on the 28th. The House adjourned on the 29th. The Senate adjourned on the 30th. The House adjourned on the 31st.

The Senate on the 27th non-concurred in the House amendments to the bill appropriating \$100,000 to aid yellow fever sufferers, and asked for a conference. Senator Call offered a resolution looking to such legislation as will prevent the introduction and spread of infectious diseases, and read a letter from Mayor Hewitt in relation to the subject. The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was agreed to and the House adjourned. The Senate adjourned on the 28th. The House adjourned on the 29th. The Senate adjourned on the 30th. The House adjourned on the 31st.

The Senate on the 27th non-concurred in the House amendments to the bill appropriating \$100,000 to aid yellow fever sufferers, and asked for a conference. Senator Call offered a resolution looking to such legislation as will prevent the introduction and spread of infectious diseases, and read a letter from Mayor Hewitt in relation to the subject. The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was agreed to and the House adjourned. The Senate adjourned on the 28th. The House adjourned on the 29th. The Senate adjourned on the 30th. The House adjourned on the 31st.

The Senate on the 27th non-concurred in the House amendments to the bill appropriating \$100,000 to aid yellow fever sufferers, and asked for a conference. Senator Call offered a resolution looking to such legislation as will prevent the introduction and spread of infectious diseases, and read a letter from Mayor Hewitt in relation to the subject. The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was agreed to and the House adjourned. The Senate adjourned on the 28th. The House adjourned on the 29th. The Senate adjourned on the 30th. The House adjourned on the 31st.

The Senate on the 27th non-concurred in the House amendments to the bill appropriating \$100,000 to aid yellow fever sufferers, and asked for a conference. Senator Call offered a resolution looking to such legislation as will prevent the introduction and spread of infectious diseases, and read a letter from Mayor Hewitt in relation to the subject. The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was agreed to and the House adjourned. The Senate adjourned on the 28th. The House adjourned on the 29th. The Senate adjourned on the 30th. The House adjourned on the 31st.

The Senate on the 27th non-concurred in the House amendments to the bill appropriating \$100,000 to aid yellow fever sufferers, and asked for a conference. Senator Call offered a resolution looking to such legislation as will prevent the introduction and spread of infectious diseases, and read a letter from Mayor Hewitt in relation to the subject. The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was agreed to and the House adjourned. The Senate adjourned on the 28th. The House adjourned on the 29th. The Senate adjourned on the 30th. The House adjourned on the 31st.

The Senate on the 27th non-concurred in the House amendments to the bill appropriating \$100,000 to aid yellow fever sufferers, and asked for a conference. Senator Call offered a resolution looking to such legislation as will prevent the introduction and spread of infectious diseases, and read a letter from Mayor Hewitt in relation to the subject. The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was agreed to and the House adjourned. The Senate adjourned on the 28th. The House adjourned on the 29th. The Senate adjourned on the 30th. The House adjourned on the 31st.

The Senate on the 27th non-concurred in the House amendments to the bill appropriating \$100,000 to aid yellow fever sufferers, and asked for a conference. Senator Call offered a resolution looking to such legislation as will prevent the introduction and spread of infectious diseases, and read a letter from Mayor Hewitt in relation to the subject. The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was agreed to and the House adjourned. The Senate adjourned on the 28th. The House adjourned on the 29th. The Senate adjourned on the 30th. The House adjourned on the 31st.

The Senate on the 27th non-concurred in the House amendments to the bill appropriating \$100,000 to aid yellow fever sufferers, and asked for a conference. Senator Call offered a resolution looking to such legislation as will prevent the introduction and spread of infectious diseases, and read a letter from Mayor Hewitt in relation to the subject. The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill was agreed to and the House adjourned. The Senate adjourned on the 28th. The House adjourned on the 29th. The Senate adjourned on the 30th. The House adjourned on the 31st.

JOHN POGG, an elephant trainer in Forepaugh's circus, was killed at Dubois, Pa., recently by the elephant Tip. The beast had been teased by a parcel of boys who had fed it with apples containing pepper and tobacco until it had become infuriated.

An incendiary fire which started at Wabasha, Minn., on the 29th in a business block on Main street swept the street as far as the Diamond Joe docks. The Milwaukee railroad's elevator was among the buildings burned. The total loss was estimated at \$150,000.

ONE hundred and three cases of yellow fever and seven deaths were reported at Jacksonville on the 26th. The suspicious case at Memphis which caused so much alarm turned out to be merely a chill which followed a drunken spree.

In a sham battle at Fort Sully, Dak., on the 26th between companies A, B, C and D, hot blood arose and the men got into such a rage that they were ordered to be disbanded, three being in the hospital with wounds received. The officers drew their swords and Lieutenant Augham received a severe wound in the arm.

Freight traffic on the Illinois Central railroad from Chicago to St. Louis was recently tied up, owing to a strike of the switchmen in the yards.

A BRITISH coal laden ship from New South Wales was reported ashore off Point Fernin, Cal.

MICHAEL DAVITT'S Irish Woolen Company has declared a dividend of seven per cent.

TWENTY-FIVE thousand British miners have decided to strike October 29 unless a general advance of 10 per cent. in wages should be made.

EIGHT cases of dynamite exploded on a wharf at Cartagena, Spain, recently, doing great damage. Nobody was killed.

ADVISED have been received from Samoa that the partisans of King Malietoa have had an engagement with the army of King Tanemasei and that the latter's forces were totally defeated. King Tanemasei's army was under command of the German officer Branders.

GOVERNOR JACKSON, of Maryland, has resented Henry J. Spencer, who was hanged at Cumberland, Md., to October 26.

FIRE in a hotel at Cronstadt, Russia, the other day caused the deaths of fourteen persons.

The Hutchinson corner on cash wheat in Chicago was a complete surprise on the 27th, when settlements were made at \$1.25. The wheat pit was intensely excited, predictions being made that the cereal would reach \$2.00 before the close of the year.

THERE was another cut all around in east bound passenger rates on the 27th, and the figures were: St. Louis to New York via Valparaiso, \$14.90; St. Louis to New York via Valparaiso, \$14.90; St. Louis to New York via Valparaiso, \$14.90.

FIRE at Louisville, Ky., on the 28th destroyed the Ohio Falls oak leather factory. Loss, \$125,000.

REPORTS from the Peace river district, in the extreme British Northwest, state that the Crees, Beavers and Chipewas Indians are starving to death because of the scarcity of small game. Cannibalism was reported in one instance.

BEN B. GRANT, of Newark, O., a yellow fever refugee from the South, died of black vomit at Louisville, Ky., on the 28th—the first death from the plague reported in that city.

The Kansas City Baseball Club (Cowboys) has been elected a permanent member of the American Association.

It was reported at Pittsburgh that a steel rail combination, comprising the chief mills in all the world, had been formed to advance the price of rails.

The yellow fever bulletin from Jacksonville on the 28th showed a marked decrease in the number of cases. There were eighty-five new cases and five deaths. The weather was cold, with indications of frost.

The Chicago Knights of Labor Socialist troubles have broken out again owing to the election of George Schilling, a Socialist, as a delegate to the coming National convention of the order.

Two Austrian officers who ascended the Mangart mountain in the Tyrol without guides fell over a precipice during a fog and one was killed.

FIRE in Romeo, Wis., the other night destroyed the sawmill and much other property owned by William Van Hosen, causing a loss of \$125,000.

The race for the sculling championship between Peter Kemp and Hanlan was rowed on the Paramatta river at Sydney, N. S. W., on the 28th and was won by Kemp easily by ten lengths.

The St. Louis and Texas railroad has been sold to Russell Sage.

BUSINESS failures (Dun's report) for the seven days ended September 27 numbered for the United States, 188; Canada, 34; total, 222; compared with 228 the previous week and 197 the corresponding week of last year.

CLEARING house returns for week ended September 29 showed an increase of 10.4 compared with the corresponding week of last year. In New York the increase was 10.3.

JOHN D. CAPERTON, a printer, and John Pearce, an old river man, were drowned just above Louisville, Ky., on the night of the 28th.

On the London Stock Exchange business was active and prices were firm during the week ended September 29. At Paris the bourse was flat. In Germany the bourses were dull owing to realizations.

The second congress for the unification of a maritime commercial law opened at Brussels on the 30th, the Minister of Justice presiding. Judge Lambert Tree, the American Minister, and other foreign representatives were present.

The wife of Judge J. J. Adams was killed recently near Trezevant, Tenn. She was crossing the bridge at Chattanooga and Nashville in a buggy at the time.

PROF. GEFFECKEN, who supplied the extracts from Emperor Frederick's diary, has been arrested at Hamburg.

A COW derailed a train on the Cincinnati Southern recently near Chattanooga, Tenn. Brakeman William Lennon was killed and Engineer Quigley fatally injured.

C. A. PITCHER, the fugitive cashier of the U. S. Bank of Providence, R. I., has been sentenced to a term of ten years imprisonment for bringing stolen money into Canada.

The steamer Thronetka, with 400 bales of cotton, was burned at the mouth of the Flint river, near Columbus, Ga., recently. No lives were lost. Loss, \$35,000.

## KANSAS STATE NEWS.

Two professional burglars and crackmen and a forger escaped from the city hall station in Wyandotte the other afternoon by tearing a hole through a sixteen-inch steel wall.

SECRETARY MORTON, of the State Board of Agriculture, has made arrangements for the use of the agricultural exhibits at the late State fair to be shown at the State house while the National Grange and the Congress are in session. The displays of Bourbon, Allen, Shawnee, Douglas and Brown Counties have been secured and will remain in Agricultural hall until removed to the State house. The two meetings open on November 14: the first in the Representative Hall and the other in the Senate Chamber.

WILLIAM WOOD, a Topeka colored man, recently lost three children by diphtheria. The State fair, recently held at Topeka, was a great success. It was believed the people were willing to pay all demands and leave a surplus.

A CHICAGO drummer lately traveling through the State is authority for the statement that an eagle recently carried off and killed a two-month-old babe in Seward county, and the same father succeeded in capturing the rapacious bird and will sell it to a dime museum.

FRANK STALMER recently purchased and drank a glass of "ginger ale" at a Topeka stand and soon after was attacked with dizziness, spasms and black vomit, and subsequently died in great agony.

ABOUT sixty delegates met in the German Evangelical Lutheran Church, U. A. C., at Leavenworth the other day for the purpose of making Kansas a separate district, and a branch of the synod comprising Ohio, Missouri and other States. The church has grown very strong in Kansas and in every State where the number of churches and membership permits a separate district is formed which gives adequate to the synod comprising the States mentioned.

PATENTS were granted on the 25th to Charles W. Boettner, of Little River, for a floor clamp, and Martha Stevenson, of Ochiltrie, for a sham pillow.

Mrs. A. A. TOWNSEND died at Wamego the other day from an overdose of Morphine.

The Shawnee County court house building, at Topeka, has been declared unsafe. ARTICLES of incorporation of the Colorado, Caldwell & Arkansas Railway Company were recently filed in the office of the Secretary of State. The route to be traversed by the proposed road begins at a point at or near the town of Bucklin, in Ford county, running thence in a southeasterly direction through the counties of Ford, Kiowa, Comanche, Garfield and Harney, and thence through the counties of Harper and Sumner to a point near the city of Caldwell; thence through the counties of Sumner and Cowley to a point near Arkansas City. The estimated length of the line is 200 miles. The capital stock is \$2,000,000.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the National Soldiers' Home recently held in New York, Major T. J. Anderson, of Topeka, was unanimously chosen Commissioner of Subsistence of the Western branch, located at Leavenworth.

THE State Treasurer has prepared the following statement of the bonded indebtedness of Kansas for the forthcoming annual report: The permanent school fund has invested in State, county, municipal and school bonds the sum of \$4,788,858.91; the State Agricultural College has \$228,000 invested in bonds of the same kind; the sinking fund \$12,000; State University fund \$118,415.68; State Normal School fund \$97,394.

Also holds as assets \$23,476.55 in notes and accounts, and of this amount \$1,300,000, or \$550,000 is held as an investment by these various funds, the permanent school fund holding the greater part of it.

The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history. The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history.

MANY G. A. R. posts declined to visit the reunion at Topeka in a body because the railroad refused to give a rate of one cent per mile.

MICHAEL BRASSER, brother of James Brassel, a farmer living about eight miles south of Eudora, was recently killed by a house and died on the day of the killing. With him was his son, a boy of 12, who was also killed. The cause of the accident was a horse and carriage accident.

The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history. The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history.

The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history. The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history.

The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history. The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history.

The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history. The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history.

The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history. The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history.

The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history. The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history.

The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history. The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history.

The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history. The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history.

The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history. The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history.

The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history. The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history.

The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history. The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history.

The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history. The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history.

The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history. The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history.

The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history. The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history.

The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history. The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history.

The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history. The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history.

The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history. The Kansas City, Wyandotte & North-western has made a rate of one cent a mile for the first time in its history.

## HALF A DOZEN HORRORS.

Two More Victims Credited to the Whitecap Maniac—Intense Excitement

And Bewildering Theories—Chinamen Ordered Out of Truckee For Selling Opium to Indians.

A Negro Shoots Two White Men and is Exonerated—Irishmen and Italians in a Cutting Scrape.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—The two women found murdered near the scene of the former butcheries in Whitecap Saturday night have been recognized as dissolute characters, who have long frequented that vicinity. One of them was found in Berner street, and had no time to mutilate the body of her victim. The discovery of the bodies completely paralyzed the police and General Sir Charles Warren, chief commissioner, was at once called out of bed. He repaired immediately to the scene of the murder and gave orders to have the police force in that district reinforced.

The first murder occurred shortly after midnight, in a narrow court leading from the street and directly beneath the windows of a socialist club frequented by foreigners. A concert was in progress in the club rooms at the time and a large number of persons were present, but not a sound was heard from the victim. The second murder occurred three-quarters of an hour later in Berner street, five minutes walk from the scene of the first tragedy. The police patrol the square every ten minutes but the murderer managed to elude them. The vigilance committee will resume their patrol of the district, extending their lines of watchfulness. The woman murdered in Berner street has been identified as Elizabeth Stride, a native of Stockholm and an inmate of a low lodging. The identity of the other woman has not yet been established.

London is a center of excitement and the denizens of Whitecap are in a state of terror, owing to the resumption of the horrible butcheries, the fourth of which it was hoped and quite generally believed, would be the last of the ghastly series. The number of theories advanced accounts for the murders and seeking to establish the identity of the murderer is positively bewildering, but not one of them is accepted by the police as the correct one, although the Scotland Yard detectives have nothing to offer themselves for the murder and a report of condition of the police in the matter has led them, however, to catch at straws in the way of evidence, and the most significant of these is a letter which was received at the office of the Central News Company Thursday afternoon. The letter is familiarly addressed "Dear Box 7" and signed "Jack the Ripper." After boasting that he had committed all of the Whitecap murders the writer continues, "I love my work and will start at it again. The next job I do shall cut off the lady's head and send it to the police. Keep this letter back till I do a bit more work and then give it out to the police straight."

A remarkable feature of the Mitre square murder is that one of the dead woman's ears is severed, and this circumstance is held to indicate that the real murderer wrote the letter. Most of the newspapers issued special editions giving copious details of the tragedies. Great crowds visited the scene of the murders yesterday.

CHINAMEN ORDERED AWAY. TRUCKEE, Cal., Oct. 1.—The town was thrown into great excitement yesterday afternoon by the actions of a Washoe Indian, who went upon a bluff overlooking the town and fired three shots from his rifle into town, one shot striking a squaw. He then fled, clothing and fire and again at the multitude of white people on the principal street, fortunately harming no one. Citizens then secured rifles and gave chase. The Indian took refuge in the rocks and endeavored to shoot the leader of the party. Another man, who was with the Indian, saw the draw a bead, shot him dead before he could fire. This tribe of Indians has been troublesome of late, and yesterday it was learned that they have been securing liquor and opium from Chinamen here.

The second of the Chinamen waited on all the Chinamen and ordered them to leave town within twenty-four hours. Many left last night.

DEFENDING HIS HOME. MEMPHIS, Tenn., Oct. 1.—Three white men, W. J. Smith, Will Eastman and J. E. Jordan, all residents of Memphis, took a trip on the dummy line to Gills station yesterday afternoon and were strolling about when Smith, seeing a male in the road, remarked he thought he would take a ride. As he approached the animal Jim Conley, a negro, called out to him to let him pass, and when Smith and Eastman started toward him, Conley ran into his house and shut the door and a second afterwards a shotgun was thrust through the window and discharged. The contents struck Eastman in the head and killed him instantly. Smith ran over to where Eastman was, and as he was bending over the dead body the other barrel of the gun was discharged and he was struck in the left side with several bullets and mortally wounded.

Conley fled after the shooting. The jury of inquest held over Eastman exonerated Conley, who, it was proved, was defending his house from assault.

IRISH AND ITALIANS FIGHT. DOVER DEPOT, N. H., Oct.